Pre-Training Quiz: 10 minutes

Name: ____________________________

1. When deployed in a UN field mission, on which legal framework UN Police Officers should base their own behaviors towards children?
   a) International laws and standards
   b) National and customary laws of the host country
   c) Their home country’s national laws
   d) Agreeable values among the host communities

2. The Convention on the Rights of the Child (CRC) defines a child as every human being below the age of ____________ unless under national law, majority is attained earlier.
   a) Twelve years
   b) Eighteen years
   c) Sixteen years
   d) Seven years

3. Children are more affected than adults by armed conflict because:
   a) Children are still growing up and developing, and armed conflict can affect their development.
   b) Children are not capable of coping with the impact of violence.
   c) Children are by nature violent and for that reason are more likely to join armed groups.

4. Child protection concerns:
   a) Children victims of crimes or violations
   b) Children witnesses of crimes or violations
   c) Children accused or convicted of crimes or violations
   d) All children

5. Which of the following constitutes sexual exploitation and abuse of children in a UN peacekeeping mission?
   a) Consensual sex with a 17 year old
   b) Non-Consensual sex with a 18 year old
   c) Consensual sex with a co-worker resulting in an unwanted pregnancy
6. Is it authorized for UNPOL personnel to give money to a sixteen year old to wash your Mission vehicle?

   a) Yes, as long as you have the permission of his/her guardian.
   b) No, as this is considered as child labor and could encourage labor for money instead of favoring education which would be a negative impact on the child’s development.
   c) Yes, as long as you pay him/her fairly there will be a positive impact on his/her living conditions.
   d) No, only civilians can do it within the mission.

7. The age of criminal responsibility in a host country depends on:

   a) The international standards on justice for children
   b) The national laws of the host country
   c) The UN Resolutions used in peacekeeping missions

8. Which of the following are not child protection partners for a UN peacekeeping mission within a host country?

   a) International Criminal Court
   b) The Child protection unit in the host country police
   c) Social workers
   d) UNICEF

9. Which international norm or law promotes preventive detention of children as a good practice to prevent crime?

   a) The United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child
   b) The United Nations Standards Minimum rules for the Administration of Juvenile Justice
   c) The United Nations Rules for the Protection of Juveniles Deprived of their Liberty
   d) No international legal instrument promotes preventive detention of children; it is rather strongly encouraged to only use it as a measure of last resort.

10. While interviewing a child victim, witness or accused of a crime, you should:

    a) Reassure the child that everything will be fine and that you will solve the child’s situation.
    b) Listen to the child’s opinion and point of view and take those into consideration when making decisions concerning the child.
    c) Use your authority to intimidate the child in order to ensure that he or she will tell the truth.
    d) All of the above