Module 3 Content

- MPKI Overview
- MPKI Direction
- MPKI Acquisition
- MPKI Analysis
- MPKI Dissemination
- Analysis of the Operating Area (AOE)
- Information Security
Lesson 3.0
MPKI Cycle & Intelligence Functions
Content

• Introduction
• The MPKI Cycle - Overview
• Direction
• Acquisition
• Analysis
• Dissemination
Learning Outcomes

• Explain the MPKI Cycle as a continuous process

• Explain which sub processes falls under each of the Intelligence Functions
The MPKI Cycle

- is the mechanism for producing MPKI
- is a continuous & perpetual process
- consists of four Intelligence Functions
- *owned by the peacekeeping intelligence staff*
Direction

- DIRECTION
- AQUISITION
- ANALYSIS
- DISSEMINATION
Direction

- Commander’s guidance to Intelligence community
- Given formally in the form as CCIRs and PIRs
- Assures PKMI supports the mission objectives
- Helps focus acquisition efforts

Intelligence and Information Requirements are NOT static, require you to take ascertain direction, and to give direction.
Acquisition

- Operationalized through the IAP
- Limited by capacity to collect (scarcity of acquisition assets)
- Requires an understanding of given Direction
- DIRECTION
- AQUISITION
- **ANALYSIS**
- DISSEMINATION
Analysis

Analysis is the structured examination of all relevant information to develop knowledge, which helps to give meaning to events within an operational environment.
Dissemination

- DIRECTION
- ACQUISITION
- ANALYSIS
- DISSEMINATION
Dissemination

• Output from analysis is disseminated
• Timeliness vs. completeness
• Need to know/need to share
• Degrees of processing
Take Away

• The PKMI Cycle is the UN-recognized process

• Consists of the four Intelligence Functions

• Structured, systematic, cyclical and recognizable

• Predictable output (for dissemination)

• Need to know/need to share

• Supports and integrates with the MDMP
Questions